Product Name: Cyclohexanone

1. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Name: Cyclohexanone
Synonyms: cyclohexyl ketone
CAS#: 108-94-1
Europe EC#: 203-631-1
Product Uses: manufacture of caprolactam and adipic acid; solvent

2. HAZARDS

GHS Class: flammable, acute skin irritation, skin irritation, eye irritation, acute inhalation
(Category) (3) (2) (2A) (4) (4)
Signal Words: WARNING, DANGER, WARNING, WARNING, WARNING

Hazard Statements:
flammable, toxic in liquid & vapour contact with skin (H226)
irritating skin (H311)
irritating eye (H315)
harmful if inhaled (H332)

Canada – WHMIS Key:
B 3, D1B
B 2 – Flash Point <38°C, B 3 – Flash Point >38°C & <93°C
D 1 – Immediately Toxic, D 2 – Chronic Toxicity
C – Oxidising Substance, E – Corrosive, F – Reactive Substance

3. COMPOSITION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>%</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cyclohexanone</td>
<td>100%</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>TWAEV / TLV ppm / mg/m³</th>
<th>LD₅₀ (mg/kg) ORAL</th>
<th>LD₅₀ (mg/kg) SKIN</th>
<th>LC₁₀₀ ppm INHALATION</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>20 / 80</td>
<td>1340</td>
<td>950</td>
<td>2375</td>
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</table>

4. FIRST AID

SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and do not reuse until thoroughly laundered.

EYES: Wash eyes with plenty of water, holding eyelids open. Seek medical assistance promptly if there is irritation.

INHALATION: Remove from contaminated area promptly. CAUTION: Rescuer must not endanger himself! If breathing stops, administer artificial respiration and seek medical aid promptly.

INGESTION: Give plenty of water to dilute product. Do not induce vomiting (NOTE below). Keep victim quiet. If vomiting occurs, lower victim’s head below hips to prevent inhalation of vomited material. Seek medical help promptly.

Inadvertent inhalation of vomited material may seriously damage the lungs. The danger of this is greater than the risk of poisoning through absorption of this relatively low-toxicity substance. The stomach should only be emptied under medical supervision, and after the installation of an airway to protect the lungs.

Please ensure that this MSDS is given to, and explained to people using this product.


5. **FIRE FIGHTING & FLAMMABILITY**

Flash Point | 47°C / 116°F (closed cup) *(also reported as 44°C / 111°F, no method specified)*
Autoignition Temperature | 420°C / 788°F
Flammable Limits | 1.1% – 9.4%
Combustion Products | carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, smoke, part oxidised hydrocarbon fragments
Firefighting Precautions | alcohol or polymer foam, dry chemical, water fog or spray, product floats on water; firefighters must wear SCBA
Static Charge Accumulation | readily accumulates a static charge on agitation or pumping

6. **ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Leak Precaution | dyke to control spillage and prevent environmental contamination
Handling Spill | ventilate contaminated area; recover free liquid with suitable pumps; absorb residue on an inert sorbent, sweep & pick up using plastic or aluminium shovel, & store in closed containers for recycling or disposal

7. **HANDLING & STORAGE**

Store in a cool, dry environment, away from sources of ignition, heat and oxidising agents.
Cyclohexanone can retain a static charge on agitation or transfer from one container to another. It is prudent to ground or electrically bond the source container, receiving container and pump before transferring contents. Avoid splashing by ensuring that the product nozzle is below the surface in the receiving container.
Cyclohexanone may react with oxygen in the air to form explosive or flammable peroxides. Ensure containers are full and tightly sealed when not in use. Empty containers may contain a flammable / explosive vapour.
Avoid generating or breathing product vapour. If vapour forms during use, install adequate ventilation. If dealing with a spill, and ventilation is impractical, wear a respirator with organic vapour cartridge.
Never cut, drill, weld or grind on or near this container. Avoid all contact with skin & wash work clothes frequently. An eye bath & safety shower must be available near the workplace.

8. **EXPOSURE CONTROL & PERSONAL PROTECTION**

| Ontario TWAEV | 20ppm / 80mg/m³ | Ontario STEV | 50ppm / 200mg/m³ |
| ACGIH TLV | 20ppm / 80mg/m³ | ACGIH STEL | 50ppm / 200mg/m³ |
| OSHA PEL | 25ppm / 100mg/m³ | OSHA STEL | 50ppm / 200mg/m³ |

Ventilation | mechanical ventilation may be required to control airborne titre; depending on handling procedures
Hands | nitrile or “Viton” gloves recommended – *other types may also protect; consult supplier to confirm suitability*
Eyes | safety glasses with side shields – *always protect the eyes*
Clothing | wear impermeable (above) apron, boots, & long sleeves if there is any danger of splashing,

9. **PHYSICAL PROPERTIES**

| Odour & Appearance | clear, colourless to pale yellow liquid with pronounced, pleasant, peppermint odour |
| Odour Threshold | ~3.5ppm – varies widely |
| Vapour Pressure | 4mmHg / 0.53kPa (20°C / 68°F) |
| Evaporation Rate *(Butyl Acetate = 1)* | 0.3 |
| Vapour Density *(air = 1)* | 3.4 |
| Boiling Range | 156°C / 313°F |
| Freezing Point | -26°C / -15°F |
| Specific Gravity | 0.948 (20/20°C) |
| Water Solubility | 23 grams per litre (20°C / 68°F) |
| Also soluble in | most organic solvents |
| Log P*O/W *(Octanol/H₂O partition)* | 0.81 |
| Viscosity | 2.2centipoise (25°C / 77°F) |
| pH | none – *(does not liberate hydrogen ions when dissolved)* |
| Conversion Factor | 1ppm = 4mg/m³ |
| Molecular Weight | 98grams per mole |

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10. **REACTIVITY**

Flash Point  
47°C / 116°F (closed cup) *(also reported as 44°C / 111°F, no method specified)*

Autoignition Temperature  
420°C / 788°F

Flammable Limits  
1.1% – 9.4%

Combustion Products  
carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, smoke, part oxidised hydrocarbon fragments

Firefighting Precautions  
alcohol or polymer foam, dry chemical, water fog or spray, product floats on water;  
firefighters must wear SCBA

Static Charge Accumulation  
readily accumulates a static charge on agitation or pumping

11. **TOXICITY**

*Effects, Acute Exposure*

Skin Contact  
moderately to severely irritating

Skin Absorption  
yes; toxic effects may occur by this route

Eye Contact  
severely irritating; may cause permanent damage; vapour irritating above 75ppm

Inhalation  
irritating above 50ppm; headache, dizziness, drowsiness, intoxication, eventual collapse

Ingestion  

*Effects, Chronic Exposure*

General  
prolonged exposure may cause dermatitis & skin cracking

Sensitising  
not a sensitiser in humans or animals *(single case of workplace skin sensitisation reported)*

Carcinogen/Tumorigen  
not considered a tumorigen or a carcinogen in humans (IARC); animal carcinogen (ACGIH)

Reproductive Effect  
no known effect in humans; infertility and teratogenicity in rodents, but only in presence of  
maternal toxicity

Mutagen  
no known effect on humans or animals

Synergistic With  
ethanol & dichlorobenzene

LD<sub>50</sub> (oral)  
1340, 1535, 1800, 1890, 2000 & 3460mg/kg (rat), 1400, 2070 & 2780mg/kg (mouse),  
1600mg/kg (rabbit)

LD<sub>50</sub> (skin)  
950mg/kg (rabbit)

LC<sub>50</sub> (inhalation)  
2640, 2675, 4750 & 8000ppm (rat), 2375ppm (mouse)

12. **ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Bioaccumulation  
water soluble; cannot bioaccumulate

Biodegradation  
biodegrades readily & rapidly in the presence of oxygen; 87% in 14 days, 97% in “one month”; 62%  
in 5 days (sea water) & others

Abiotic Degradation  
reacts with atmospheric hydroxyl radicals; estimated ½-lives in air are 1.0, 1.3 & 2.5 days;  
by direct photolysis ½-life is 4.3 days

Mobility in soil, water  
water soluble; moves readily in soil and water

*Aquatic Toxicity*

LC<sub>50</sub> (Fish, 96hr)  
530, 619, 630 & 732mg/litre (Pimephelas promelas)

EC<sub>50</sub> (Crustacea, 24hr)  
800 & 820mg/litre (Daphnia magna)

EC<sub>10</sub> (Algae)  
1000mg/litre (“plankton algae”)

TGK (Algae)  
370mg/litre (Scenedesmus quadricauda)

EC<sub>50</sub> (Bacteria)  
6.9mg/litre (“mixed bacterial culture”), 18.5mg/litre (Photobacterium phosphoreum),  
700mg/litre (“mixed bacterial culture”)

13. **DISPOSAL**

Waste Disposal  
do not flush to sewer, recycle if possible, may be incinerated in approved facility

Containers  
Drums should be reused. Recondition and pressure test by a licensed reconditioner prior to re-use.

Pails must be vented and thoroughly dried prior to crushing and recycling.

IBCs (intermediate bulk containers): polyethylene bottle must be pressure tested & recertified at 30 months.  
Replace at 60 months (5yrs). Steel containers must be inspected, pressure tested & recertified every 5 years.  

Never cut, drill, weld or grind on or near this container, even if empty

*Please ensure that this MSDS is given to, and explained to people using this product.*
14. TRANSPORT CLASSIFICATION

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<td>AND</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S.A. 49 CFR</td>
<td>Class</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marine Pollutant</td>
<td>Packing Group</td>
<td>III</td>
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<tr>
<td>ERAP Required</td>
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<td>not a marine pollutant</td>
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15. REGULATIONS

| Canada DSL | on inventory |
| U.S.A. TSCA | on inventory |
| Europe EINECS | on inventory |

U.S.A. Regulations:

Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health: 700 ppm

Allowable Tolerances: Cyclohexanone is exempted from the requirement of a tolerance when used as a solvent or cosolvent in accordance with good agricultural practice as inert (or occasionally active) ingredients in pesticide formulations applied to growing crops only. Cyclohexanone is exempted from the requirement of a tolerance when used as a solvent or cosolvent in accordance with good agricultural practice as inert (or occasionally active) ingredients in pesticide formulations applied to animals.

OSHA Standards: Permissible Exposure Limit: Table Z-1 8-hr Time Weighted Avg: 50 ppm (200 mg/cu m). Vacated 1989 OSHA PEL TWA 25 ppm (100 mg/cu m), skin designation, is still enforced in some states.

NIOSH Recommendations: Recommended Exposure Limit: 10 Hr Time-Weighted Avg: 25 ppm (100 mg/cu m). Skin.

Threshold Limit Values: 8 hr Time Weighted Avg (TWA): 20 ppm; 15 min Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL): 50 ppm. Skin. A3; Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

Atmospheric Standards: This action promulgates standards of performance for equipment leaks of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) in the Synthetic Organic Chemical Manufacturing Industry (SOCMI). These standards implement Section 111 of the Clean Air Act and are based on the Administrator's determination that emissions from the Synthetic Organic Chemical Manufacturing Industry cause, or contribute significantly to, air pollution which may reasonably be anticipated to endanger public health or welfare. The intended effect of these standards is to require all newly constructed, modified, and reconstructed Synthetic Organic Chemical Manufacturing Industry process units to use the best demonstrated system of continuous emission reduction for equipment leaks of Volatile Organic Compounds, considering costs, non air quality health and environmental impact and energy requirements. Cyclohexanone is produced, as an intermediate or final product, by process units covered under this subpart. These standards of performance become effective upon promulgation but apply to affected facilities for which construction or modification commenced after January 5, 1981.

State Drinking Water Guidelines: Florida 35,000 ug/l

CERCLA Reportable Quantities: Persons in charge of vessels or facilities are required to notify the National Response Center (NRC) immediately, when there is a release of this designated hazardous substance, in an amount equal to or greater than its reportable quantity of 5000 lb or 2700 kg. The toll free number of the NRC is (800) 424-8802; In the Washington D.C. metropolitan area (202) 426-2675. The rule for determining when notification is required is stated in 40 CFR 302.4 (section IV. D.3.b).

TSCA Requirements: Section 8(a) of TSCA requires manufacturers of this chemical substance to report preliminary assessment information concerned with production, use, and exposure to EPA as cited in the preamble in 51 FR 41329. Pursuant to section 8(d) of TSCA, EPA promulgated a model Health and Safety Data Reporting Rule. The section 8(d) model rule requires manufacturers, importers, and processors of listed chemical substances and mixtures to submit to EPA copies and lists of unpublished health and safety studies. Cyclohexanone is included on this list.

RCRA Requirements: As stipulated in 40 CFR 261.33, when cyclohexanone, as a commercial chemical product or manufacturing chemical intermediate, becomes a waste, it must be managed according to Federal and/or State hazardous waste regulations. Also defined as a hazardous waste is any residue, contaminated soil, water, or other debris resulting from the cleanup of a spill, into water or on dry land, of this waste. Generators of small quantities of this waste may qualify for partial exclusion from hazardous waste regulations (40 CFR 261.5). When cyclohexanone is a spent solvent, it is classified as a hazardous waste from a nonspecific source, as stated in 40 CFR 261.31, and must be managed according to State and/or Federal hazardous waste regulations.

FIFRA Requirements: As the federal pesticide law FIFRA directs, EPA is conducting a comprehensive review of older pesticides to consider their health and environmental effects and make decisions about their future use. Under this pesticide reregistration program, EPA examines health and safety data for pesticide active ingredients initially registered before November 1, 1984, and determines whether they are eligible for reregistration. In addition, all pesticides must meet the new safety standard of the Food Quality Protection Act of 1996. Pesticides for which EPA had not issued Registration Standards prior to the effective date of FIFRA, as amended in 1988, were divided into three lists based upon their potential for human exposure and other factors, with List B containing pesticides of greater concern and List D pesticides of less concern. Cyclohexanone is found on List C. Case No: 3053; Pesticide type: insecticide; Case Status: No products containing the pesticide are actively registered -- The case is characterized as "cancelled." Under FIFRA, pesticide producers may voluntarily cancel their registered products. EPA also may cancel pesticide registrations if registrants fail to pay required fees or make/maintain certain reregistration commitments, or if EPA reaches findings of unreasonable adverse effects.; Active ingredient (AI): Cyclohexanone; AI Status: The active ingredient is no longer contained in any registered pesticide products ... "cancelled." Cyclohexanone is exempted from the requirement of a tolerance when used as a solvent or cosolvent in accordance with good agricultural practice as inert (or occasionally active) ingredients in pesticide formulations applied to animals.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared for Megaloid Laboratories by Peter Bursztyn, (705) 734-1577
Data from RTECS, HSDB (Haz. Substance Data Base), Cheminfo (CCOHS), ULCLID Datasheets (ESIS – European Chem. Substance Info. System), & others.
Preparation Date: November 2004 Revision Date: December 2007, November 2010, November 2013

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